# Linked Edit Rules

A Web Friendly Way of Checking Quality of RDF Data Cubes

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Data Archiving and Networked Services

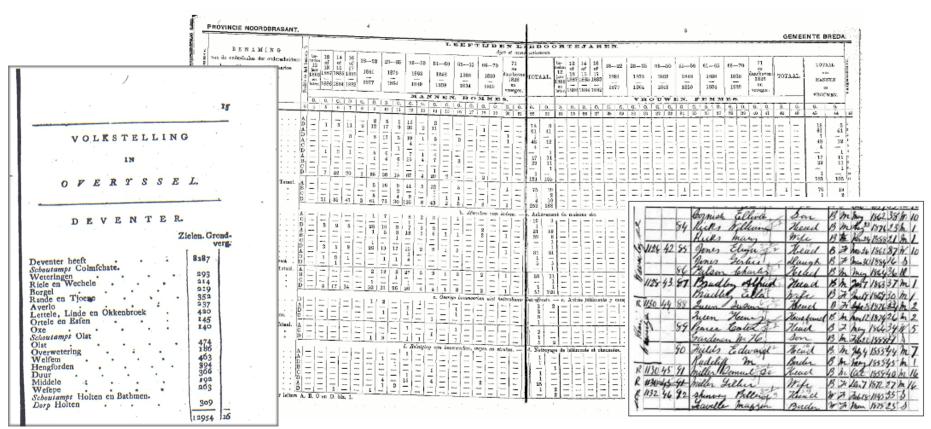






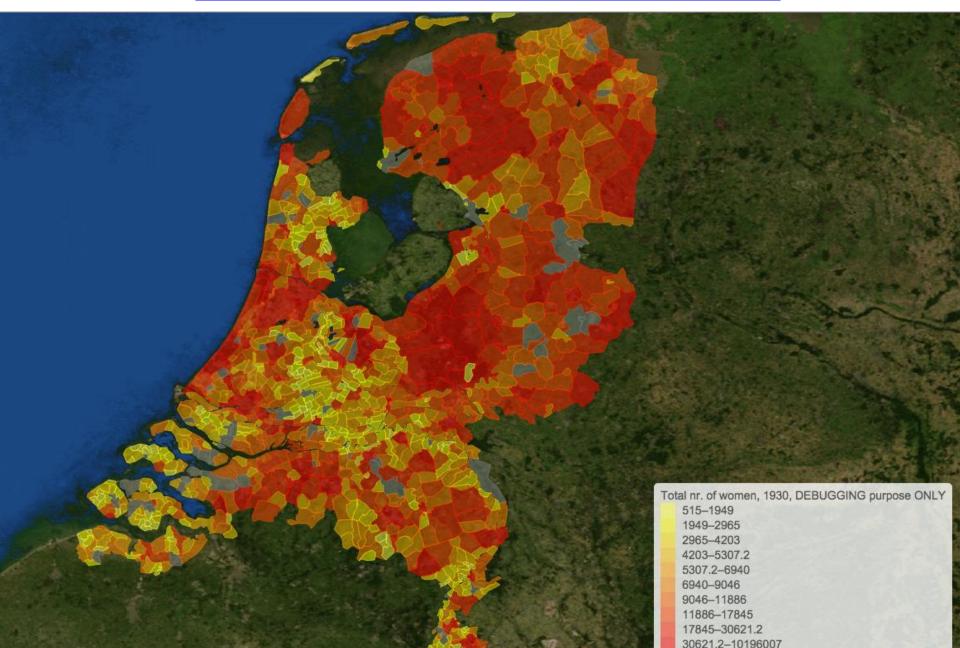
### Motivation

Dutch Historical Censuses (1795-1971) [Public Historical Statistical Data]

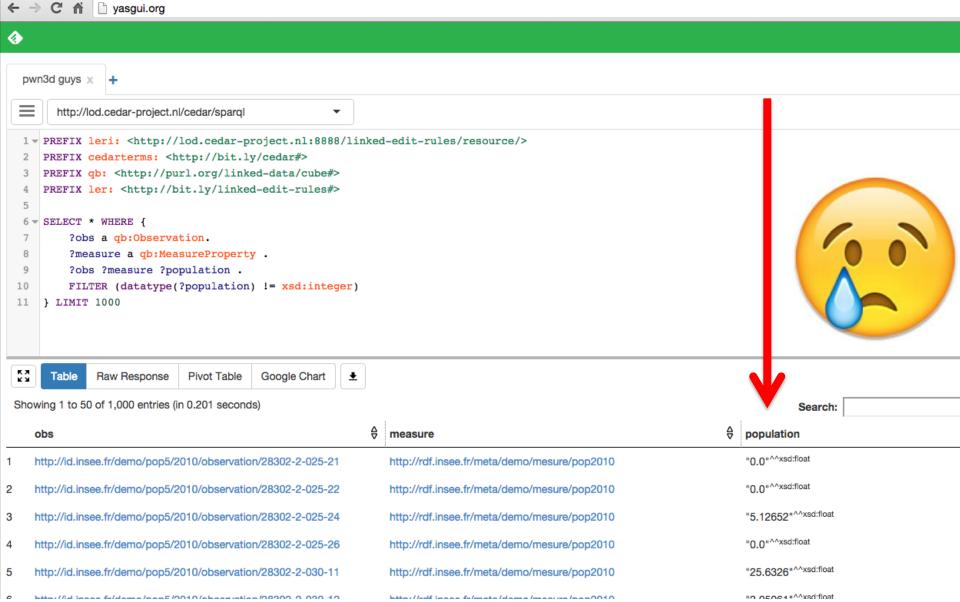


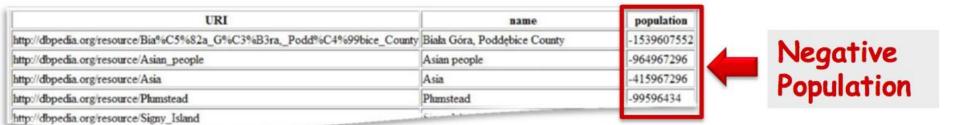
http://lod.cedar-project.nl/cedar/

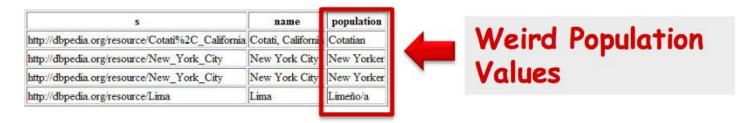
### http://lod.cedar-project.nl/maps/



## Querying Semantic Web Census Data









Data retrieved on 2011-03-12 from http://loc.openlinksw.com/spargl

# Introducing (Micro-) Edit Rules

```
dat1 : ageGroup %in% c('adult', 'child', 'elderly')
dat7 : maritalStatus %in% c('married', 'single', 'widowed')
num1 : 0 <= age
num2 : 0 < height
num3 : age <= 150
num4 : yearsMarried < age
cat5 : if(ageGroup == 'child') maritalStatus != 'married'
mix6 : if(age < yearsMarried + 17) !(maritalStatus %in% c('married', 'widowed'))
mix7 : if(ageGroup %in% c('adult', 'elderly') age >= 18
mix8 : if(ageGroup %in% c('child', 'elderly') & 18 <= age) age >= 65
mix9 : if(ageGroup %in% c('adult', 'child')) 65 > age
```

Listing 1.1: Examples of micro-edits in the R editrules package.

	age ag	geGroup	height	maritalStatus	yearsMarried
#1	21	$\operatorname{adult}$	6.0	$\operatorname{single}$	-1
#2	2	child	3	married	0
#3	18	$\operatorname{adult}$	5.7	$\operatorname{married}$	20
#4	221	elderly	5	widowed	2
#5	34	child	-7	married	3

Table 1: Example dataset to be validated against obvious inconsistencies.

# Introducing (Macro-) Edit Rules

	age ag	geGroup	height	maritalStatus	yearsMarried
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#### Distribution methods

- Population count must be log-normal distributed
   Aggregation methods
  - Total population count should match the logical composition of records

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#### Distribution methods

Population count must be log-normal distributed

#### Aggregation methods

 Total population count should match the logical composition of records

Q: Do I have to write these for all my datasets?

A: YES



Share? Exchange? Reuse?

# Requirements 1: Web friendly

- Published on and distributed over the Web
- Web structured data format
  - Machine readable
- Uniquely identifiable
  - Unambiguously dereferenceable

# Requirements 2: Edit rules as enriched SW rules

- Compatible with SW rule languages standards
  - Reuse existing work in formal languages
- Linked to constrained QB dimensions
  - Explicit about the dimensions the rules constrain
- Explicit scope
  - Explicit about the scope and the level (micro/macro)

# Requirements 3: QB (obvious) consistencies

- Integration with existing reasoning
  - Transparency and interoperability with current infrastructure
- Users free to choose which rules to run against which data cubes

# Requirements 4: Web standard reporting

- Provenance of the check-up process
  - Explicit and traceable annotation of the consistency checking (and enforcement) process
- Annotation of inconsistencies
  - Rules annotate inconsistent data points for expert correction

### State of the art

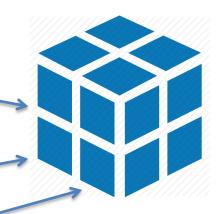
	Web friendly	SW Rules	QB Consistency	Reporting
editrules, validate			<b>√</b>	0
Eurostat's EVE			$\checkmark$	
SDMX VTL			$\checkmark$	
OWL 2	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	0	
SWRL	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	0	
SPARQL CONSTRUCT		0	0	
RIF-BLD	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	0	
SPIN	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	0	
Shape Expressions	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Resource Shapes	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
OWLIM Profiles		$\checkmark$	0	
TopBraid	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	0	0
Stardog	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	0	0
RDF Data Cube		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	

Table 14: Reviewed approaches according to their coverage of requirements by topic of Section 7.2. A circle  $(\circ)$  indicates that the approach covers some requirement in that topic, but not all; a check mark  $(\checkmark)$  means that all requirements in the topic are met.

### Linked Edit Rules

- A methodology to publish, link, combine and execute edit rules on the Web as Linked Data...
- ... to verify consistency of statistical datasets.

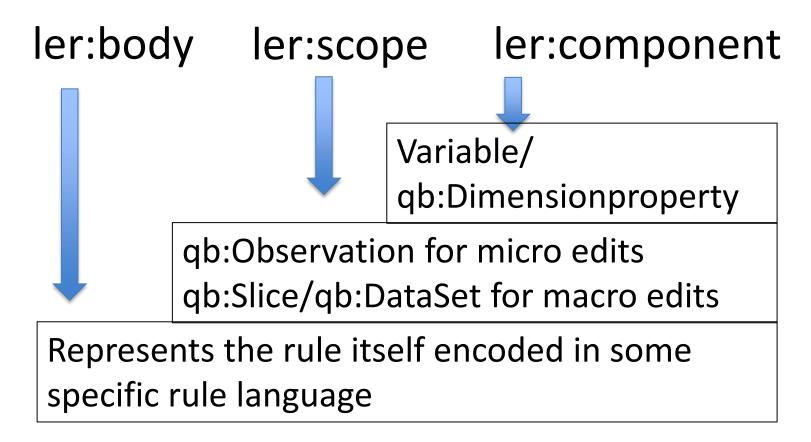
```
@prefix rule: <tag:stardog:api:rule:> .
@prefix qb: <http://purl.org/linked-data/cube#> .
@prefix sdmx-dimension: <http://purl.org/linked-data/sdmx/2009/dimension#> .
@prefix leri: <http://lod.cedar-project.nl:8888/linked-edit-rules/resource/>
@prefix ler: <http://bit.ly/linked-edit-rules#> .
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
@prefix dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/> .
@prefix eg: <http://example.org/ns#> .
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .
# num1 : 0 <= age
leri:num1 a rule:SPARQLRule, ler:EditRule ;
       rule:content """
                   PREFIX leri: <a href="http://lod.cedar-project.nl:8888/linked-edit-rules/resource/">PREFIX leri: <a href="http://l
                   PREFIX sdmx-dimension: <a href="http://purl.org/linked-data/sdmx/2009/dimension#">http://purl.org/linked-data/sdmx/2009/dimension#</a>
                   PREFIX qb: <a href="http://purl.org/linked-data/cube#">http://purl.org/linked-data/cube#>
                   PREFIX ler: <a href="http://bit.ly/linked-edit-rules#">http://bit.ly/linked-edit-rules#</a>
                   ?obs a qb:Observation .
                   ?obs sdmx-dimension:age ?age .
                   FILTER (?age < 0)
        ler:scope qb:Observation ;
       ler:component sdmx-dimension:age ;
       rdfs:label "0 <= age"@en ;
       rdfs:comment "Age must be zero or a positive number"@en ;
       dc:creator <http://www.albertmeronyo.org/> ;
       dc:date "2015-01-08T16:03:40+01:00"^^xsd:dateTime
```



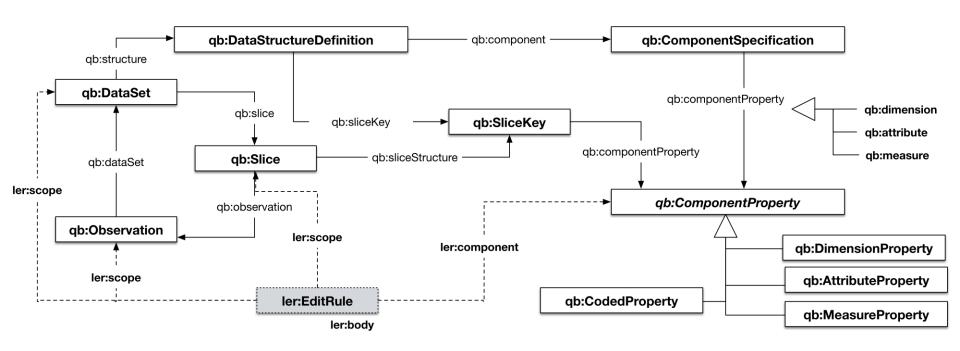
The rule and its constrained dimensions are semantically connected

### Linked Edit Rules

A ler:EditRule has three fundamental compoents:



# LER as an extension of Data Cube Data model



## Body of Micro-Edits

**if**(ageGroup %in% **c**('child', 'elderly') **&** 18 <= age) age >= 65

- Definite Horn Clauses, i.e. conjunctions of inequalities
- Convert variables and values to URIs and literals
  - Known dimension properties (sdmx-dimension:age)
  - String literals to equivalent values (sdmx-code:status-M)
  - Numeric values by RDF literals

```
- IF {
    ?obs a qb:Observation .
    ?obs eg:agegroup ?ageGroup .
    ?obs sdmx-dimension:age ?age .
    FILTER ((18 <= ?age && ?age < 65) && (?ageGroup = eg:child || ?ageGroup = eg:elderly)) }
    THEN
    { ?obs ler:inconsistentWith leri:mix8 . }</pre>
```

# Body of Macro-Edits

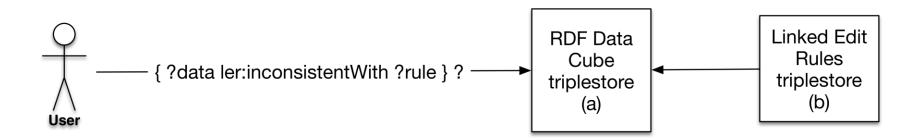
- Statistic(t,P,S,c) as inequalities
  - t is a test (z.test normality test)
  - are the parameters of t (e.g. Mean, variance)
  - S set of observations
  - c is the contrained dimension

#### – Example:

```
statistic({\tt z.test}, \{\mu, \sigma^2\}, {\tt eg:all}, {\tt eg:height}) > 0.05
```

### Architecture

 User sends Query: which qb:Observation, qb:Slice or qb:DataSet is inconsistent with a specific ler:EditRule



# Stardog Linked Micro-Edit Rule

```
# Micro-edit
leri:mix6 a rule:SPARQLRule, ler:EditRule;
  rule:content """ # PREFIX definitions
    IF {
      ?obs a qb:Observation.
      ?obs sdmx-dimension:civilStatus ?civilStatus.
      ?obs eg:yearsMarried ?yearsMarried.
      ?obs sdmx-dimension:age ?age.
      FILTER ((?age < ?yearsMarried + 17) && (?civilStatus = sdmx-code:status-M || ?
           civilStatus = sdmx-code:status-W))
    } THEN {
      ?obs ler:inconsistentWith leri:mix6.
  ler:scope qb:Observation;
  ler:component sdmx-dimension:age, sdmx-dimension:civilStatus, eg:yearsMarried;
  rdfs:label "if(age < yearsmarried + 17) !(status %in% c('married', 'widowed'))";
  rdfs:comment "An underage can't be married nor widowed";
  dc:creator <http://www.albertmeronyo.org/>;
  dc:date "2015-01-08T16:03:40+01:00"^^xsd:dateTime.
```

# Stardog Linked Macro-Edit Rule

```
# Macro-edit
leri:macro1 a rule:SPARQLRule, ler:EditRule;
rule:content """ # PREFIX definitions
    IF {
        ?x a qb:Slice .
        ?x qb:sliceStructure eg:sliceByAdults .
        ?y a qb:Slice .
        ?y qb:sliceStructure eg:sliceByNonAdults .
        FILTER(stardog:R('wilcox.test', ?x, ?y, eg:height) <= 0.05)</pre>
```

# SPARQL custom functions through R wrapper implemented as Stardog extension.

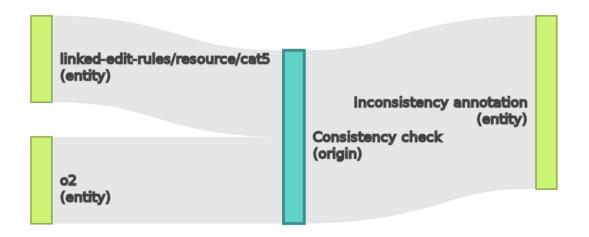
```
ler:scope qb:stice;
ler:component eg:height .
rdfs:label "dist(X) != dist(Y), X heights of adults, Y heights of non-adults";
rdfs:comment "Heights of adults and non-adults follow different distribs.";
dc:creator <http://www.albertmeronyo.org/>;
dc:date "2015-01-08T16:03:40+01:00"^^xsd:dateTime.
```

# Triggering Rules in Stardog

```
# PREFIX definitions
   INSERT { ?act a prov:Activity;
2
              rdfs:label "Consistency check";
3
              prov:wasAssociatedWith <http://stardog.com/>;
              prov:startedAtTime ?now;
5
              prov:used ?dp;
              prov:used ?rule .
            ?ann a oa:Annotation;
              rdfs:label "Inconsistency annotation";
              prov:wasGeneratedBy ?act;
10
              prov:generatedAtTime ?now;
11
              oa:hasBody ?body;
              oa:hasTarget ?dp .
13
            ?body a rdfs:Resource;
14
              ler:inconsistentWith ?rule.
15
            BIND (UUID() AS ?act, UUID() AS ?ann, UUID() AS ?
                body, now() AS ?now)
  } WHERE { ?dp ler:inconsistentWith ?rule . }
17
```

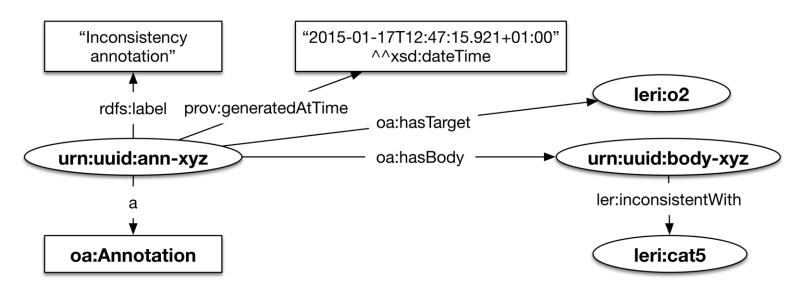
Listing 7.4: SPARQL INSERT that triggers Linked Micro- and Macro-Edit Rules in Stardog. For each inferred inconsistency, PROV provenance and OA annotations are generated.

### Provenance



(a) PROV-O-Viz [81] diagram showing a consistency check (activity) using observation leri: o2 (entity) and rule leri:cat5 (entity) to produce an inconsistency annotation (entity).

### **Annotation**



(b) Generated OA annotation of a detected inconsistency in a qb:Observation, linking to the inconsistent observation leri:o2 as target, and describing the inconsistency (w.r.t. rule leri:cat5) as body.

# Simple stress testing

- Datasets
  - Toy data from previous slide
  - Synthetic Dataset
- Result: correct identification of expected inconsistencies (with minimal runtime 0.5%)

# Showcasing in two real datasets

- Datasets
  - CEDAR usecase
- Results:
  - 4.5% have no occupation positions
  - 0.56% count population have non-integer numbers
  - 0.02% have negative numbers

# Take-home message!

#### Linked Data Rules as

- A framework and a data model to express Edit Rules as Linked Edit Rules (LER).
  - Allowing to Link, retrieve, reuse, combine and execute Edit Rules on the Web to check quality and concistency of RDF Data Cubes
- An automatic consistency checker that
  - Finds inconsistencies and generates provenance reports and annotations

Questions? Ask Albert: albert.merono@vu.nl